

Daptomycin Juno

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The [full CMI](#) on the next page has more details. If you are worried about using this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

1. Why am I given Daptomycin Juno?

Daptomycin Juno contains the active ingredient Daptomycin. Daptomycin Juno is used in adults and children (1 to 17 years of age) to treat complicated infections of the skin and the tissues under the skin. It is also used in adults to treat blood infections and infections of the tissues that line the inside of the heart. For more information, see Section [1. Why am I given Daptomycin Juno?](#) in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I am given Daptomycin Juno?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to Daptomycin or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding. For more information, see Section [2. What should I know before I am given Daptomycin Juno?](#) in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with Daptomycin Juno and affect how it works. A list of these medicines is in Section [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#) in the full CMI.

4. How will I be given Daptomycin Juno?

Daptomycin Juno will be given to you by a doctor or a nurse as it needs to be given as an injection or infusion into a vein. The dose will depend on how much you weigh and the type of infection being treated. More instructions can be found in Section [4. How will I be given Daptomycin Juno?](#) in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while using Daptomycin Juno?

Things you should do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using Daptomycin Juno.• Tell your doctor if you become pregnant, or if the symptoms of your infection do not improve, or if they become worse• If you develop itching with swelling or skin rash or difficulty breathing, tender or aching muscles or muscle weakness, sore white mouth or tongue, unusual tingling or numbness of the hands or feet, loss of feeling or difficulties in moving, diarrhoea while you are being given Daptomycin Juno, tell your doctor immediately.
Things you should not do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not stop receiving Daptomycin Juno because you are feeling better, unless advised by your doctor.
Driving or using machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how Daptomycin Juno affects you
Looking after your medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Store in original packages at refrigerated temperatures of between 2°C to 8°C; avoid excessive heat. Refrigerate. Do not freeze

For more information, see Section [5. What should I know while using Daptomycin Juno?](#) in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Side effects of this medicine may include oral or vaginal thrush; inflammation and irritation of the vagina; fungal infections; pain; itchiness or redness at the injection site; tiredness; trembling; decreased appetite; dizziness, blurred vision, lightheadedness; spinning sensation; headache; flushes; mild stomach upsets such as indigestion, nausea, vomiting; abdominal swelling or bloating; flatulence; constipation, diarrhoea; taste disturbance; eye irritation; difficulty in sleeping; anxiety; urinary tract infection; high or low blood pressure; sudden signs of allergy such as rash, itching or hives on the skin, swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body, shortness of breath, wheezing or trouble breathing; difficulty breathing, new or worsening cough or fever; unexplained muscle tenderness, weakness or cramps; tingling, burning or numbness of arms, hands, legs or feet; difficulty moving the arms and/or legs; changes in heart rhythm; yellowing of the skin and eyes; kidney problems or failure; fainting; unusual bleeding in the skin and bruising; pus filled bumps; shivering or chills; blistering rash, nose bleeds, bleeding gums. For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#) in the full CMI.

Daptomycin Juno

Active ingredient: *Daptomycin*

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about using Daptomycin Juno. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using Daptomycin Juno.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- [1. Why am I given Daptomycin Juno?](#)
- [2. What should I know before I am given Daptomycin Juno?](#)
- [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#)
- [4. How will I be given Daptomycin Juno?](#)
- [5. What should I know while using Daptomycin Juno?](#)
- [6. Are there any side effects?](#)
- [7. Product details](#)

1. Why am I given Daptomycin Juno?

Daptomycin Juno contains the active ingredient daptomycin. Daptomycin Juno is an antibiotic that belongs to a group of medicines called cyclic lipopeptides. These antibiotics work by killing the Gram-positive bacteria that are causing your infection.

Daptomycin Juno is used in adults and children (1 to 17 years of age) to treat complicated infections of the skin and the tissues under the skin.

It is also used in adults to treat blood infections or tissue that line the inside of the heart.

It is also used in adults to treat infections of the tissues that line the inside of the heart (including heart valves) – that are caused by *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteria.

Daptomycin Juno will not work against pneumonia (a serious infection or inflammation in the lung tissue).

Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why Daptomycin Juno has been prescribed for you.

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another purpose

2. What should I know before I am given Daptomycin Juno?

Warnings

Do not use Daptomycin Juno if:

- you are allergic to Daptomycin, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include shortness of breath, wheezing or difficulty breathing; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; rash, itching or hives on the skin.

Check with your doctor if you:

- have allergies to any other medicines, foods, dyes or preservatives.
- have or have had any kidney problems. Your doctor may need to change the dose of Daptomycin Juno.
- are suffering from diarrhoea.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#)

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Check with your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

Like most medicines, Daptomycin Juno is not recommended in pregnancy. Your doctor will discuss with you the risks and benefits of having Daptomycin Juno during pregnancy.

Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed.

You should not breast-feed your child during your treatment with Daptomycin Juno.

Children

Daptomycin Juno should not be administered to children below the age of 1 year due to possible side effects on muscles and nerves that were observed in animal studies.

Addiction

Daptomycin Juno is not addictive.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with Daptomycin Juno and affect how it works.

Tell your doctor if you are taking:

- Warfarin (a medicine used to prevent blood clots).
- Statins or fibrates (medicines used to lower cholesterol).
- Cyclosporin (a medicine used to help prevent organ transplant rejection or to treat certain problems with the immune system).
- Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or COX-2 inhibitors, e.g. celecoxib (medicines used to relieve pain, swelling or other symptoms of inflammation).
- Tobramycin, another antibiotic used to treat various types of bacterial infections.

These medicines may be affected by Daptomycin Juno or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicines, or you may need to take different medicines.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect Daptomycin Juno.

4. How will I be given Daptomycin Juno?

Daptomycin Juno will be given to you by a doctor or a nurse as it needs to be given as an injection or infusion into a vein.

For adults, the dose will depend on how much you weigh, and the type of infection being treated. If you are over 65 years of age, you will be given the same dose as other adults, provided your kidneys are working well.

For children (1 to 17 years of age), the dose will depend on the age of the patient, how much the child weighs, and the type of infection being treated.

Your doctor will decide on the dose and how long you will receive Daptomycin Juno.

If you have kidney problems, you may receive Daptomycin Juno less often, e.g. every other day. If you are receiving dialysis, and your next dose is due on a dialysis day, you will usually be given Daptomycin Juno after the dialysis session.

- **Adults:** Daptomycin Juno is given directly into your blood stream by intravenous injection over about 2 minutes or by infusion (drip) over about 30 minutes.
- **Children (7-17 years of age):** Daptomycin Juno is given directly into the blood stream by infusion (drip) over 30 minutes.
- **Children (1-6 years of age):** Daptomycin Juno is given directly into your blood stream by infusion (drip) over 60 minutes

If you are given too much Daptomycin Juno

Daptomycin Juno is usually given to you in hospital under the supervision of your doctor, it is very unlikely that you will be given too much of the medicine. Your doctor, nurse or pharmacist will be monitoring your progress and checking the medicine that you are given.

If you think that you have been given too much Daptomycin Juno, you may need urgent medical attention.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (by calling 13 11 26), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

5. What should I know while using Daptomycin Juno?

Things you should do

If the symptoms of your infection do not improve, or if they become worse, tell your doctor.

If you develop itching with swelling or skin rash or difficulty breathing while you are being given Daptomycin Juno, tell your doctor immediately.

You should tell your doctor that you are being treated with Daptomycin Juno if you are about to have a blood clotting test or any other blood tests.

It may interfere with the results of some tests.

If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist that you are being given Daptomycin Juno. It may affect other medicines used during surgery.

Call your doctor straight away if you:

- **Tender or aching muscles or muscle weakness.** Your doctor will make sure that you have a blood test and will decide whether or not you should continue Daptomycin Juno treatment. The symptoms generally go away within a few days of stopping Daptomycin Juno.
- **Any unusual tingling or numbness of the hands or feet, loss of feeling or difficulties in moving.** Your doctor will decide whether or not you should continue treatment.
- **Diarrhoea, especially if you notice blood.** Diarrhoea may mean that you have a serious condition affecting your bowel. You may need urgent medical care. Do not take any diarrhoea medicine without first checking with your doctor.
- **New or worsening fever, cough or difficulty breathing.** These may be the signs of a rare, but serious lung disorder called eosinophilic pneumonia. If you experience these symptoms, tell your doctor. Your doctor will check the condition of your lungs and will decide whether or not you should continue Daptomycin Juno treatment

Your doctor will perform blood tests to monitor the health of your muscles both before you start treatment and frequently during the course of treatment with Daptomycin Juno.

Your doctor will monitor your kidney function and the health of your muscles more frequently during Daptomycin Juno treatment if you have kidney problems.

Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using Daptomycin Juno

Fungal infections

If you get a sore white mouth or tongue while you are being given Daptomycin Juno or soon after stopping it, tell your doctor. Also tell your doctor if you get vaginal itching or discharge.

This may mean you have a fungal infection called thrush. Sometimes the use of Daptomycin Juno allows fungi to grow and the above symptoms to occur. Daptomycin Juno does not work against fungi.

Diarrhoea

Tell your doctor immediately if you develop diarrhoea, especially bloody diarrhoea, after your treatment has stopped.

Diarrhoea is a common problem that happens when taking antibiotics. It usually stops when the antibiotic is stopped.

Other medicines of the same class as Daptomycin Juno may also cause diarrhoea.

Do not take any diarrhoea medicine without first checking with your doctor.

Things you should not do

- Do not stop receiving Daptomycin Juno because you are feeling better, unless advised by your doctor.
- If you do not complete the full course prescribed by your doctor, all of the bacteria causing your infection may not be killed. These bacteria may continue to grow and multiply so that your infection may not clear completely or it may return.

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how Daptomycin Juno affects you.

Daptomycin Juno generally does not cause any problems with your ability to drive a car or operate machinery. However, as with many other medicines, Daptomycin Juno may cause dizziness or tiredness in some people.

Looking after your medicine

It is unlikely you will have to store Daptomycin Juno at home. If you have to store it:

- Keep it in a refrigerator (2°C to 8°C).
- Keep the vial in the outer carton in order to protect from light.
- Do not store it in the bathroom or near a sink
- Do not leave it in the car or on windowsills.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If you no longer need to use this medicine or it is out of date, take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date.

6. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
<p>Difficulty thinking, working, or carrying out your usual daily activities because of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • headache • eye irritation • difficulty in sleeping (insomnia) • dizziness • spinning sensation (vertigo) <p>Behavioural changes such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • anxiety 	<p>Speak to your doctor if you have any of these less serious side effects and</p>

<p>Infections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • oral thrush (symptoms include a white, furry, sore tongue and mouth) • vaginal thrush (symptoms include sore and itchy vagina and/or discharge) • inflammation and irritation of the vagina (vaginitis) • fungal infections • urinary tract infection <p>Stomach and bowels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mild stomach upsets such as indigestion (dyspepsia), feeling sick (nausea), being sick (vomiting) or stomach pain • abdominal pain, swelling or bloating • flatulence • constipation or mild diarrhoea • decreased appetite <p>Skin:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pain, itchiness or redness at the site of administration • rash <p>Blood pressure problems such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • high or low blood pressure <p>Other changes such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trembling • taste disturbances • flushes • general pain, weakness or tiredness (fatigue) • pain in the arms or legs, or joint pain • nose bleeds • bleeding gums 	<p>they worry you.</p>
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Serious side effects

Serious side effects	What to do
<p>Severe allergic reaction that may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • anaphylaxis, a sudden life-threatening allergic reaction with the symptoms: sudden signs of allergy such as rash, itching or hives on the skin, swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body, shortness of breath, wheezing or trouble breathing • difficulty breathing, new or worsening cough, new or worsening fever (these may be the signs of a rare, but serious lung disorder called eosinophilic pneumonia) • hypersensitivity reactions (serious allergic reactions) such as: 	<p>Call your doctor straight away, or go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p>

- o pus filled bumps that can spread over the body, sometimes with a fever
- o shivering or chills
- o flushed appearance
- o blistering rash (vesiculobullous rash, Stevens Johnson Syndrome/ Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis)
- o swelling of the face, neck and throat
- o fainting
- o cough
- o chest pain or tightness
- o metallic taste

Hypersensitivity reactions (serious allergic reactions including anaphylaxis, angioedema, drug rash with eosinophilia and systemic symptoms (DRESS) and pulmonary eosinophilia); and a serious lung disorder called eosinophilic pneumonia have been reported in patients given daptomycin.

Movement changes such as:

- unexplained muscle pain, tenderness, weakness or cramps
- tingling, burning or numbness of arms and hands or legs and feet (paraesthesia)
- loss or difficulty moving the arms and/or legs

Heart related:

- changes in heart rhythm

Liver related:

- yellowing of the skin and eyes (jaundice)

Kidney related:

- kidney problems, including kidney failure

Stomach and bowel related:

- diarrhoea, especially bloody diarrhoea

Other changes such as:

- fainting
- unusual bleeding in the skin and bruising

Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

7. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What Daptomycin Juno contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	Daptomycin
Other ingredients (inactive ingredients)	Sodium hydroxide

Daptomycin Juno does not contain any preservatives or bacteriostatic agents.

Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What Daptomycin Juno looks like

Daptomycin Juno is supplied in a 10mL glass vial containing a pale yellow to light brown powder.

Daptomycin Juno is supplied as:

Daptomycin Juno 350mg powder for injection (AUST R 300039)

Daptomycin Juno 500mg powder for injection (AUST R 300034)

Who distributes Daptomycin Juno

Juno Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd

15-17 Chapel Street,

Cremorne, VIC 3121

Australia

www.junopharm.com.au

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Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the