

Sertraline Sandoz®

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The [full CMI](#) on the next page has more details. If you are worried about using this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

1. Why am I using Sertraline Sandoz?

Sertraline Sandoz contains the active ingredient sertraline hydrochloride. Sertraline Sandoz is used to treat depression and conditions called obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD) and panic disorder.

For more information, see Section [1. Why am I using Sertraline Sandoz?](#) in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I use Sertraline Sandoz?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to sertraline or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding.

For more information, see Section [2. What should I know before I use Sertraline Sandoz?](#) in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with Sertraline Sandoz and affect how it works.

A list of these medicines is in Section [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#) in the full CMI.

4. How do I use Sertraline Sandoz?

- Your doctor will tell you how many tablets you need to take each day. This may depend on your age, your condition and whether or not you are taking any other medicines.
- Swallow the tablets with a glass of water.

More instructions can be found in Section [4. How do I use Sertraline Sandoz?](#) in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while using Sertraline Sandoz?

Things you should do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using Sertraline Sandoz.Watch carefully for signs of your depressive symptoms are getting worse as they may occur in the first 1 or 2 months of treatment or when the doctor changes your dose.Tell your doctor immediately or go to the nearest hospital if you have any distressing thoughts, or if you have any symptoms of serotonin syndrome.
Things you should not do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Do not stop taking Sertraline Sandoz, or change the dose, without first checking with your doctor.
Driving or using machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how Sertraline Sandoz affects you.
Drinking alcohol	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Avoid drinking alcohol while you are taking Sertraline Sandoz.
Looking after your medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Store below 25°CKeep your tablets in their blister pack until it is time to take them.

For more information, see Section [5. What should I know while using Sertraline Sandoz?](#) in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you have headache, dizziness, muscle weakness, drowsiness, impaired concentration or vision, dry mouth, nausea, feeling sick or tired, stomach, bowel or urinary tract problems, sweating, rash, hives, fever, hot flush, high blood pressure, weight change, appetite change, sleeping difficulties, menstrual irregularities, sexual dysfunction, ringing in ears, tingling and numbness of hands and feet, tremor, diarrhoea, constipation, yawning. Call your doctor immediately or go to Emergency at your nearest hospital if you develop a severe rash, blistering; signs of an allergic reaction; experience hallucinations, agitation, confusion, diarrhoea, high temperature and blood pressure; yellow eyes or skin; develop ideas of self-harming or attempting suicide; feelings of spastic body movements; have fit or seizure; bleeding; a manic episode.

For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#) in the full CMI.

Sertraline Sandoz®

Active ingredient(s): *sertraline (as hydrochloride)*

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about using Sertraline Sandoz. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using Sertraline Sandoz.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

- [1. Why am I using Sertraline Sandoz?](#)
- [2. What should I know before I use Sertraline Sandoz?](#)
- [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#)
- [4. How do I use Sertraline Sandoz?](#)
- [5. What should I know while using Sertraline Sandoz?](#)
- [6. Are there any side effects?](#)
- [7. Product details](#)

1. Why am I using Sertraline Sandoz?

Sertraline Sandoz contains the active ingredient **sertraline hydrochloride**. Sertraline Sandoz belongs to a group of medicines called selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs). They are thought to work by blocking the uptake of a chemical called serotonin into nerve cells in the brain. Serotonin and other chemicals called amines are involved in controlling mood.

Sertraline Sandoz is used to treat depression and conditions called obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD) and panic disorder.

Sertraline Sandoz should not be used in children and adolescents under the age of 18 years for the treatment of any medical condition other than obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD). The safety and efficacy of Sertraline Sandoz for the treatment of medical conditions (other than OCD) in this age group has not been satisfactorily established.

For the treatment of OCD, Sertraline Sandoz is not recommended for use in children under the age of 6, as the safety and efficacy in children of this age group has not been established.

There is no evidence that Sertraline Sandoz is addictive.

2. What should I know before I use Sertraline Sandoz?

Warnings

Do not use Sertraline Sandoz if:

- you are allergic to sertraline, or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.
- Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:

- shortness of breath
- wheezing or difficulty breathing
- swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body
- rash, itching or hives on the skin.
- Always check the ingredients to make sure you can use this medicine.
- **you have epilepsy not properly controlled by medication.**
- **you are taking another medicine for depression called a monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI) or have been taking it within the last 14 days.** Taking Sertraline Sandoz with a MAOI (e.g. Aurorix, Eldepryl, Nardil, Parnate) may cause a serious reaction with a sudden increase in body temperature, extremely high blood pressure and convulsions (fits).
- **you are taking phentermine (used to help weight loss), tryptophan (contained in protein-based foods or dietary proteins), methadone (used to treat drug addiction), medicines used to treat migraine, e.g. sumatriptan (Imigran), dextromethorphan (used as a cough suppressant in cold and 'flu medications), medicines used for pain management such as fentanyl, tapentadol (Palexia), tramadol or pethidine.** These medicines can cause an exaggerated response to Sertraline Sandoz.
- **you are taking pimozide (used to treat disturbances in thinking, feeling and behaviour).**
- **Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure if you have been taking one of these medicines.**
- **Do not give Sertraline Sandoz to children or adolescents under the age of 18 unless the doctor has prescribed it for the treatment of OCD. Do not give Sertraline Sandoz to children under the age of 6 for the treatment of OCD.**
- **If you are not sure whether you should be taking Sertraline Sandoz, talk to your doctor.**

Check with your doctor if you:

- have any other medical conditions:
 - any other mental illness
 - epilepsy or seizures
 - liver or kidney problems
 - heart conditions causing irregular heartbeats
 - a tendency to bleed more than normal
 - diabetes mellitus
 - glaucoma, an eye condition.
- are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.
- are breastfeeding or wish to breastfeed.
- take any medicines for any other condition

Tell your doctor if you have any allergies to any foods, dyes, preservatives or any other medicines.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and

how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#)

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Check with your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

There have been reports that babies exposed to sertraline and other antidepressants during the third trimester of pregnancy may develop complications immediately after birth, e.g. you may experience heavy vaginal bleeding shortly after birth (postpartum haemorrhage).

Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed.

Sertraline Sandoz passes into breast milk and may affect your baby.

Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of taking Sertraline Sandoz when pregnant or breastfeeding.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with Sertraline Sandoz and affect how it works.

You may need different amounts of your medicines, or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any of the following:

- other medicines for the treatment of depression called monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs).

Taking Sertraline Sandoz with, or within 14 days of stopping a MAOI may cause a serious reaction with a sudden increase in body temperature, extremely high blood pressure and convulsions.

- other MAOI drugs such as linezolid, an antibiotic used to treat pneumonia and certain skin infections
- other medicines for depression, panic disorder or obsessive illnesses (e.g. Prozac, Aropax, Luvox, Cipramil, Efexor XR)
- lithium (e.g. Lithicarb), a medicine used to treat mood swings
- tryptophan (contained in protein-based foods or dietary proteins)
- phentermine (weight-reducing medicines)
- dextromethorphan (used in cold and 'flu medicines to suppress cough)
- medicines for strong pain management such as fentanyl, tapentadol (Palexia), tramadol or pethidine
- methadone (used to treat drug addiction)
- other medicines used to relieve pain, swelling and other symptoms of inflammation, including arthritis (e.g. aspirin or NSAIDs such as ibuprofen or diclofenac)
- pimozide (used to treat disturbances in thinking, feeling and behaviour)

- St John's wort, a herbal remedy used to treat mood disorders
- medicines for treating psychotic illness such as clozapine (e.g. Clozaril) which is used to treat schizophrenia
- medicines for irregular heartbeats (e.g. Tambocor)
- warfarin (e.g. Marevan, Coumadin) or other medicines that stop the blood from clotting
- phenytoin (e.g. Dilantin), a medicine used to treat epilepsy
- sumatriptan (e.g. Imigran), a medicine used to treat migraine
- diazepam or other medicines that act on the brain or nervous system (e.g. Serepax, Valium)
- cimetidine, a medicine used to treat reflux and ulcers
- medicines used to treat Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) such as dexamphetamine and lisdexamfetamine
- antibiotics.

You should wait at least 14 days after stopping Sertraline Sandoz before starting any other medicines for depression or obsessive illnesses from the MAOI group, such as Aurorix, Eldepryl, Nardil, and Parnate.

All of the above precautions are important even after you have stopped taking Sertraline Sandoz.

The effects of Sertraline Sandoz may last for some days after you have stopped taking it.

Not all brand names are given for the medicines listed above. Your doctor or pharmacist has more information on these medicines or other medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking Sertraline Sandoz.

If you have not told your doctor or pharmacist about these things, tell them before you start taking Sertraline Sandoz.

Some combinations of medicines may increase the risk of serious side effects and are potentially life-threatening.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect Sertraline Sandoz.

4. How do I use Sertraline Sandoz?

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor.

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

If you do not understand the instructions on the box, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.

How much to take

Your doctor will tell you how many tablets you need to take each day. This may depend on your age, your condition and whether or not you are taking any other medicines.

- **Depression – Adults**
 - The usual starting dose is one 50 mg tablet each day. The dose can be increased gradually up to 200 mg a day if necessary.

- **Obsessive Compulsive Disorder - Children (6-12 Years)**
 - The usual starting dose is 25 mg a day which is half a 50 mg tablet. Increase to one 50 mg tablet a day after one week.
- **Obsessive Compulsive Disorder - Adults and Adolescents (13-18 Years)**
 - The usual starting dose is one 50 mg tablet each day.
- **Panic Disorder – Adults**
 - The usual starting dose is 25 mg day which is half a 50 mg tablet. Increase to one 50 mg tablet a day after one week.
- Follow the instructions provided and use Sertraline Sandoz until your doctor tells you to stop.

When to take Sertraline Sandoz

- **Try to take your tablet at the same time each day, either morning or evening.**
- Taking it at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take it.
- It does not matter if you take this medicine before or after food.

How to take Sertraline Sandoz

- Swallow the tablets with a glass of water.

How long to take Sertraline Sandoz

- Most medicines for depression and obsessive illnesses take time to work so do not be discouraged if you do not feel better straight away.
- It may take 2 to 4 weeks or even longer to feel the full benefit of Sertraline Sandoz.
- Continue taking Sertraline Sandoz until your doctor tells you to stop.
- Even when you feel well, you may need to take Sertraline Sandoz for several months or longer.
- **Do not stop taking Sertraline Sandoz, or change the dose, without first checking with your doctor.**
- Occasionally the symptoms of depression or other psychiatric conditions may include thoughts of harming yourself or committing suicide. It is possible that these symptoms may continue or increase until the full anti-depressant effect of your medicine becomes apparent (i.e. one to two months).
- **You or anyone close to you or caring for you should watch for these symptoms and tell your doctor immediately or go to the nearest hospital if you have any distressing thoughts or experiences during this initial period or at any other time.**
- **Contact your doctor if you experience any worsening of your depression or other symptoms at any time during your treatment.**

If you forget to use Sertraline Sandoz

Sertraline Sandoz should be used regularly at the same time each day. If you miss your dose at the usual time, wait until the next day and take your normal dose then.

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose you missed.

If you are not sure what to do in this situation, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

If you use too much Sertraline Sandoz

If you think that you have used too much Sertraline Sandoz, you may need urgent medical attention.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (**by calling 13 11 26**), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

You may need urgent medical attention.

Symptoms of an overdose may include:

- feeling drowsy
- nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting
- fast or irregular heartbeats
- tremors
- feeling agitated or dizzy.

5. What should I know while using Sertraline Sandoz?

Things you should do

Tell all doctors, dentists and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking Sertraline Sandoz.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist that you are taking Sertraline Sandoz if you are about to be started on any new medicines.

Tell your doctor if you become pregnant while taking Sertraline Sandoz.

If you are a woman of child-bearing age, you should avoid becoming pregnant while taking Sertraline Sandoz.

If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist that you are taking this medicine.

It may interact with other medicines used during surgery and cause unwanted side effects.

If you are about to have any urine tests, tell your doctor that you are taking this medicine.

It may interfere with the results of some tests.

Call your doctor straight away if you:

- **have any suicidal thoughts or other mental/mood changes.**

A worsening of depressive symptoms including thoughts of suicide or self-harm may occur in the first one or two months of you taking Sertraline Sandoz or when the doctor

changes your dose. These symptoms should subside when the full effect of Sertraline Sandoz takes place.

Children, adolescents or young adults under 24 years of age are more likely to experience these effects during the first few months of treatment.

Patients and caregivers should be alert and monitor for these effects.

Signs and symptoms of suicide include:

- thoughts or talk of death or suicide
- thoughts or talk of self-harm or harm to others
- any recent attempts of suicide or self-harm
- increase in aggressive behaviour, irritability or agitation
- worsening of depression.

All mention of suicide or violence must be taken seriously.

If you or someone you know is demonstrating these warning signs of suicide while taking Sertraline Sandoz, contact your doctor or a mental health professional right away.

Children should have regular check-ups with the doctor to monitor growth and development.

Things you should not do

- **Do not stop taking Sertraline Sandoz, or change the dose, without first checking with your doctor.**
- **Do not let yourself run out of tablets over the weekend or on holidays.**
- Suddenly stopping Sertraline Sandoz may cause dizziness, light headedness, numbness, unusual tingling feelings or shakiness.
- **Do not give this medicine to anyone else, even if their symptoms seem similar to yours.**
- **Do not take Sertraline Sandoz to treat any other complaints unless your doctor says to.**

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how Sertraline Sandoz affects you.

Some medicines for depression may affect your ability to drive or operate machinery or do things that could be dangerous if you are not alert.

If you are feeling drowsy or are uncoordinated, be careful that you do not fall over.

Sertraline Sandoz, like other medicines in this class, may increase your risk of bone fracture.

Drinking alcohol

Tell your doctor if you drink alcohol.

Although drinking moderate amounts of alcohol is unlikely to affect your response to Sertraline Sandoz, your doctor may suggest avoiding alcohol while you are taking Sertraline Sandoz.

Looking after your medicine

- Store below 25°C

- Keep your tablets in their blister pack until it is time to take them

Follow the instructions in the carton on how to take care of your medicine properly.

Store it in a cool dry place away from moisture, heat or sunlight; for example, do not store it:

- in the bathroom or near a sink, or
- in the car or on window sills.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres (1.5 m) above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If you no longer need to use this medicine or it is out of date, take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date.

6. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

It can be difficult to tell whether side effects are the result of taking Sertraline Sandoz, effects of your condition or side effects of other medicines you may be taking. For this reason it is important to tell your doctor of any change in your condition.

Do not be alarmed by the list of side effects. You may not experience any of them.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• headache, dizziness, shaking or tremors, unusually overactive, muscle stiffness or weakness, decrease or loss of touch or other senses, sleepiness, impaired concentration,• vision disturbance,• sleeping difficulties,• drowsiness,• tiredness, fever, feeling unwell,• increased sweating,• rash and hives,• hot flush, high blood pressure,• weight increase or loss,• increased or decreased appetite,• dry mouth, nausea, feeling sick, indigestion, diarrhoea, vomiting, stomach pain, constipation,• inflammation of the colon (causing diarrhoea),• menstrual irregularities,	Speak to your doctor if you have any of these less serious side effects and they worry you.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sexual problems, • sexual dysfunction including impaired sexual function in males. Medicine like Sertraline Sandoz (so called SNRIs/SSRIs) may cause symptoms of sexual dysfunction. In some cases, these symptoms have continued after stopping treatment. • difficulty in passing urine, or increased frequency, • persistent noise in the ears, • tingling and numbness of hands and feet. 	
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<p>The following symptoms are signs of side effects named Serotonin Syndrome (SS) or Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome (NMS). SS is caused by medications which build up high levels of serotonin in the body. NMS is a life-threatening emergency associated with the use of antipsychotic medicines. The risk of SS and NMS with SSRI's is increased with combined use of other SSRIs, MAOIs and other antipsychotic medicines.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • agitation • hallucinations • coma • fast heartbeat • fluctuating blood pressure readings • high body temperature • twitching and spastic body movements • lack of body co-ordination • nausea • vomiting • diarrhoea 	<p>attention or hospitalisation.</p>
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Serious side effects

Serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • agitation, nervousness, anxiety, frightening dreams, yawning, abnormal thinking, teeth grinding, symptoms of agitation, anxiety dizziness, headache, nausea and tingling or numbness of the hands and feet after stopping Sertraline Sandoz, • uncontrollable muscle spasms affecting the eyes, head, neck and body, temporary paralysis or weakness of muscles, • lockjaw, • painful, swollen joints, • difficulty in breathing, wheezing or coughing, • uncontrollable movements of the body, shuffling walk, unusual weakness, • palpitations, • fainting or chest pain, • irregular heartbeats, • abnormal bleeding including vaginal bleeding, • sudden onset of severe headache. 	<p>Call your doctor straight away if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p>

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell while you are taking Sertraline Sandoz.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Some of these side effects (e.g., changes in thyroid function, liver function or glucose control) can only be found when your doctor does tests from time to time to check your progress.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

Very serious side effects

Very serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fits or seizures • signs of allergy such as rash or hives, swelling of the face, lips or tongue, wheezing or difficulty breathing • symptoms of sudden fever with sweating, fast heartbeat and muscle stiffness, which may lead to loss of consciousness • thoughts of suicide or attempting suicide or self-harm. 	<p>Go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p> <p>You may need urgent medical</p>

7. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What Sertraline Sandoz contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	sertraline (as hydrochloride)
Other ingredients (inactive ingredients)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • microcrystalline cellulose • calcium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate • hypolose • sodium starch glycollate

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• magnesium stearate• hypromellose• purified talc• titanium dioxide.
Potential allergens	None

Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What Sertraline Sandoz looks like

Sertraline Sandoz 50 mg – white, capsule shaped, scored, film-coated tablet, marked with SE|50 on one side
Available in blisters of 28 and 30 tablets (Aust R 98697).

Sertraline Sandoz 100 mg - white, capsule shaped, scored, film-coated tablet, marked with SE|100 on one side
Available in blisters of 28 and 30 tablets (Aust R 98698).

Not all pack sizes may be available in Australia.

Who distributes Sertraline Sandoz

Sandoz Pty Ltd
100 Pacific Highway
North Sydney, NSW 2060
Australia
Tel 1800 726 369

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