

Piperacillin/Tazobactam Kabi Injection

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The [full CMI](#) on the next page has more details. If you are worried about using this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

1. Why am I using PIPERACILLIN/ TAZOBACTAM KABI INJECTION?

Piperacillin is an antibiotic that kills many types of bacteria. Tazobactam belongs to the penicillin group but does not have activity against bacteria. It helps piperacillin to overcome bacteria which have become resistant to piperacillin. Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is active against bacteria which cause serious infections.

For more information, see Section [1. Why am I using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#) in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I use PIPERACILLIN/ TAZOBACTAM KABI INJECTION?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding.

For more information, see Section [2. What should I know before I use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#) in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection and affect how it works.

A list of these medicines is in Section [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#) in the full CMI.

4. How do I use PIPERACILLIN/ TAZOBACTAM KABI INJECTION?

- Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is given as an injection by a doctor or trained nurse.
- It will usually be given to you as a slow injection into a vein for over 20-30 minutes. More instructions can be found in Section [4. How do I use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#) in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while using PIPERACILLIN/ TAZOBACTAM KABI INJECTION?

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Things you should do | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.• If you develop severe diarrhoea, tell your doctor immediately. Do this even if it occurs several weeks after stopping. |
| Things you should not do | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not miss any follow-up appointments with your doctor following treatment with Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection Kabi. |
| Driving or using machines | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful when driving or operating machinery until you know how Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection affects you. |
| Looking after your medicine | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection will be stored in the pharmacy or on the hospital ward and is kept below 25°C in a cool, dry place. |

For more information, see Section [5. What should I know while using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#) in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Common side effects are nausea or indigestion, vomiting, diarrhoea or constipation, rash, itchy or red skin allergic reactions such as hives a new infection caused by bacteria that are resistant to Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection (superinfection), difficulty sleeping, headache, dizziness or light-headedness.

For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#) in the full CMI.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection

Active ingredient(s): Piperacillin Sodium and Tazobactam Sodium

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

[1. Why am I using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#)

[2. What should I know before I use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#)

[3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#)

[4. How do I use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#)

[5. What should I know while using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?](#)

[6. Are there any side effects?](#)

[7. Product details](#)

1. Why am I using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection contains the active ingredients piperacillin and tazobactam. Piperacillin is an antibiotic that kills many types of bacteria. Tazobactam belongs to the penicillin group but does not have activity against bacteria. It helps piperacillin to overcome bacteria which have become resistant to piperacillin. Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is active against bacteria which cause serious infections such as: Chest infections, Urine infections, Stomach infections Gynaecological infections, Skin infection, Septicaemia (blood poisoning).

What should I know before I use PIPERACILLIN/TAZOBACTAM KABI INJECTION?

Warnings

Do not use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection if:

- you have ever had an allergic reaction to: piperacillin, tazobactam, or any other penicillin antibiotics, any antibiotic in the cephalosporin group, medicines called beta-lactamase inhibitors
- Always check the ingredients to make sure you can use this medicine.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection should not be given to children under two.

Check with your doctor if you:

- you are allergic to any foods, dyes, preservatives or any other medicines
- you have any other health problems, including kidney or liver disease
- you are on a low salt diet
- you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.
- you are breastfeeding.
- you are being treated with Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection for gonorrhoea, your doctor should test you for syphilis as well.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection in high doses may hide early symptoms of syphilis without curing it long-term.

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor them. See additional information under Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#)

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Check with your doctor if you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant.

Talk to your doctor if you are breastfeeding or intend to breastfeed.

Your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection if you are pregnant.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection passes into breast milk. Therefore, if you are breast-feeding, you should discuss with your doctor whether to stop breast-feeding while or stop using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.

2. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection and affect how it works. These include:

- medicines for gout (probenicid)
- aminoglycoside antibiotics, including tobramycin
- vancomycin, an antibiotic
- preparations used for thinning blood (warfarin, heparin)
- methotrexate, used to treat cancer,
- rheumatoid arthritis and other
- inflammatory conditions

- vecuronium, a muscle relaxant used in surgery

These medicines may be affected by Piperacillin/Tazobactam Kabi Injection or may affect how well it works. You may need to be given different amounts of your medicine, or you may need to be given different medicines.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.

3. How do I use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?

How much to take / use

- Your doctor will tell you how much to take depending on your weight.
- If you have kidney disease your doctor will adjust the dose to suit you.

How you will be given Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection

You will receive Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection in the hospital.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is given as an injection by a doctor or trained nurse. If you forget to use Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.

It will usually be given to you as a slow injection into a vein for over 20-30 minutes.

How long Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is given for

The length of time you take Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection will depend on the type of infection you have. It should be given for at least five days, and for 48 hours after all signs of illness and fever have gone.

If you are given too much Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection

If you think that you have used too much Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection, you may need urgent medical attention.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (by calling 13 11 26), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

As Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is given to you in a hospital under the supervision of your doctor or medical staff, it is very unlikely that you will receive an overdose. You will be closely monitored while in the hospital so that

any unwanted side effects can be treated. However, if you experience severe side effects contact medical or nursing staff immediately.

4. What should I know while using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection?

Things you should do

Call your doctor straight away if you:

- If you develop severe diarrhoea, tell your doctor immediately. Do this even if it occurs several weeks after stopping.

This may be a sign of a serious side effect that affects the bowel. You may need urgent medical care. Do not take any medicines to treat this diarrhoea without checking with your doctor.

Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.

Things you should not do

Do not miss any follow-up appointments with your doctor following treatment with Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection.

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection affects you.

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection may cause dizziness in some people.

Looking after your medicine

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection will be stored in the pharmacy or on the hospital ward and is kept below 25°C in a cool and dry place.

5. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

| Less serious side effects | What to do |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nausea or indigestion • vomiting • diarrhoea or constipation • rash, itchy or red skin • allergic reactions such as hives • a new infection caused by bacteria that are resistant to Piperacillin/ | <p>Speak to your doctor if you have any of these less serious side effects and they worry you.</p> |

| | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tazobactam Kabi Injection (superinfection) difficulty sleeping, headache, dizziness or light-headedness | |
|--|--|

Serious side effects

| Serious side effects | What to do |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> increased sweating eczema flaking or peeling of the skin inflammation of the mouth dry mouth weakness and tiredness hallucinations muscle or joint pain or prolonged muscle relaxation fever hot flushes swelling of the hands, feet and ankles swelling or redness along a vein which is extremely tender when touched changes in liver function including jaundice (yellowing of skin and eyes) or hepatitis severe diarrhoea caused by a certain superinfection in the gut convulsions ('fits') if Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is given in high doses short-term changes in kidney function cough, fever, chills, shortness of breath and chest pain thrush, especially with prolonged treatment tiredness, being short of breath and looking pale frequent infections such as fever, severe chills, sore throat or mouth ulcers bleeding or bruising more easily than normal, nose bleeds moderate or severe skin rash or blisters often with flu-like symptoms | <p>Call your doctor straight away or go straight to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p> |

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that may be making you feel unwell.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

6. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection contains

| | |
|---|---|
| Active ingredient (main ingredient) | piperacillin sodium and tazobactam sodium |
| Other ingredients (inactive ingredients) | None |
| Potential allergens | Piperacillin sodium and Tazobactam sodium |

Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection looks like

Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection is White powder for injection.

The powder contains:

- Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi 2g/0.25g, ARTG 311282
- Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi 4g/0.5g, ARTG 311283

Who distributes Piperacillin/ Tazobactam Kabi Injection

Sponsor

Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited
 Level 2, 2 Woodland Way
 Mount Kuring-gai NSW 2080
 Australia
 Telephone: (61-2) 9391 5555

This leaflet was prepared in February 2026.