

1

Identification of high-impact diseases

Map conditions to clinical domains and analyse national burden of disease and health system expenditure.

Output: Generated initial shortlist of diseases for further assessment.

2

Application of threshold criteria

Apply exclusion criteria to determine whether conditions are suitable for monitoring through a clinical quality registry model. Conditions without a clear care pathway, measurable variation in care, feasible data sources or clinical readiness were excluded.

Output: Refined shortlist of diseases with clinical domains suitable for monitoring through a CQR model.

3

Prioritisation of clinical domains

Remaining disease were grouped into clinical domains and assessed using a prioritisation matrix based on population burden (DALYs), health system expenditure and clinician engagement.

Output: Ranked clinical domains for potential CQR development